

Chapter 174-123 WAC
CODE OF STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

WAC Sections

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Chapter 174-123 WAC

CODE OF STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES CONDUCT CODE

THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE ~~STUDENT CONDUCT CODE~~ CODE OF STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

(WAC 174-123-010)

This chapter will be known as the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities Conduet Code (Code) for The Evergreen State College. ~~Supplementary education documents are available at the Evergreen State College website for student conduct.~~

~~A community exists on the basis of shared values and principles. At The Evergreen State College, student members of the community are expected to uphold and abide by certain standards of conduct that form the basis of the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities. These standards are embodied within a set of core values reflected in the College mission that include integrity, social justice, respect, community, and responsibility.~~

~~This document is to be understood in connection with the Social Contract (WAC 174-121-010), which is an aspirational document about how we wish to uphold our community, and to ensure an optimal experience for everyone involved in the campus community.~~

~~The Evergreen State College can thrive only when all members of the community participate in the Social Contract, which prizes academic and interpersonal honesty, conveys our commitment to resolving differences with a strong will toward collaboration, and protects community values and individual rights. The Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities states specific procedures and standards for upholding the values and aspirations expressed in the Social Contract. Specifically, the Code strives to afford opportunities for informal resolution, restorative ~~measures~~practices, and education.~~

PURPOSE (WAC 174-123-020)

~~A community exists on the basis of shared values and principles. At The Evergreen State College, student members of the community are expected to uphold and abide by certain standards of conduct that form the basis of the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities. These standards are embodied within a set of core values that include integrity, social justice, respect, community, and responsibility.~~

~~This document is to be understood in connection with the Social Contract (WAC 174-121-010), which is an aspirational document about how we wish to uphold our community, and to ensure an optimal experience for everyone involved in the campus community.~~

~~The Evergreen State College can thrive only when all members of the community participate in the sSocial_cContract, which prizes academic and interpersonal honesty, conveys our commitment to resolving differences with a strong will toward collaboration, and protects community values and individual rights. The student conduct cCode of Student Rights and Responsibilities articulates states specific procedures and standards for upholding the values and aspirations expressed in the sSocial_cContract. Specifically, the code Code strives to afford opportunities for informal resolution, restorative justice, and education to support students to be accountable for their decisions and actions. The code has been crafted in the spirit of education and compassion, with the aim of healing individuals, preserving our common interests, and protecting each other from harm.~~

~~The purpose of this Code is to provide students with the necessary information about their rights and responsibilities, and to inform students of the due process afforded in student conduct proceedings.~~

STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES (WAC 174-123-030)

As members of the academic community, students are encouraged to develop the capacity for critical judgment and to engage in an independent search for truth. Freedom to teach and freedom to learn are inseparable facets of academic freedom. The freedom to learn depends upon appropriate opportunities and conditions in the classroom, on the campus, and in the larger community. Students, faculty, and staff create these opportunities and conditions. The responsibility to secure and to respect general conditions conducive to the freedom to learn is shared by all members of the college community.

The following due process rights are guaranteed to each student within the limitations of statutory law and college policy:

1. ~~To~~he rights of students to be secure in their persons, housing, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures ~~is guaranteed;~~
2. ~~No~~ conduct sanction may be imposed on any student without notice to the accused of the nature of the alleged violations; and
3. ~~A~~ student accused of violating this Code Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities is entitled, upon request, to procedural due process as set forth in this chapter.

- ~~1. Every student has a duty to know, understand and abide by the rules and policies of the college.~~
- ~~2. In most cases, students will have the opportunity to resolve alleged violations informally through mediation, arbitration, or restorative justice conference.~~
- ~~3. Students alleged to have violated the code have the following rights under the code:~~
 - ~~a. To be informed of the charges against them and know who the complainant is;~~
 - ~~b. To request an informal resolution of the complaint;~~
 - ~~c. To participate in developing a mutually agreed upon contract of accountability with the student conduct administrator;~~
 - ~~d. To appeal a determination of responsibility and/or required resolution and sanctions, issued by a student conduct administrator, to the student conduct appeals board;~~
 - ~~e. To hear and respond to information upon which a charge is based;~~
 - ~~f. To call relevant persons to provide information at hearings before the student conduct code appeals board;~~

- g. ~~To request that any person serving as a student conduct code administrator, or serving as a student conduct code appeals board member, be replaced as provided in the code on the grounds of bias, prejudice, or conflict of interest.~~
- 4. ~~Complainants have the following rights under the code:~~
 - a. ~~To participate in an informal resolution of the complaint;~~
 - b. ~~To inquire about the status of the complaint;~~
 - c. ~~To appeal a determination of responsibility and/or required resolution and sanctions, issued by a student conduct administrator, to the student conduct appeals board and to call relevant persons to provide information before the student conduct code appeals board in cases where a complaint alleges sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, or physical abuse;~~
 - d. ~~To request that any person serving as a student conduct code administrator, or serving as a student conduct code appeals board member, be replaced as provided in the code on the grounds of bias, prejudice, or conflict of interest.~~

DEFINITIONS (WAC 174-123-040)

1. **Agreement of accountability** means a written mutual agreement between the respondent and student conduct official which states the violations of the code and the resolution and sanction(s).
2. **Business day** means any calendar day, exclusive of weekends and federal and school holidays, in which the college is open to the public for the conduct of business.
3. **Calendar day** means any day of the month including weekends and state holidays.
- ~~1-4.~~ **"College"** means The Evergreen State College.
- ~~2-5.~~ **College official** means any person employed by the college performing assigned teaching, administrative, or professional responsibilities.
- ~~3-6.~~ **College premises** means all campuses including all land, buildings, facilities, and other property in the possession of or owned, used, leased or controlled by the college including adjacent streets and sidewalks.
- ~~4-7.~~ **College-sponsored event or activity** means activities or events involving planning or funding, or other authorized participation by the college.
8. **Complainant** means any person, group, or entity ~~who that~~ submits a complaint alleging that a student violated the Code and/or a person who believes they have been harmed by another student's misconduct ~~behavior~~.
- ~~5-9.~~ **Complaint** means a report that alleges a student violated the Code.
- ~~6-10.~~ **Conduct appeal** is the process by which a student can appeal their determination of responsibility and/or required resolutions and sanctions.
- ~~7-11.~~ **Conduct hold** means a notation placed on the student's official record prohibiting a student from registering for any program or course.
- ~~8-12.~~ **Consent** is affirmative, conscious, voluntary, and clear permission by word(s) or action(s) for specific activity. See the section on Sexual Misconduct for additional information.
- ~~9-13.~~ **Determination of responsibility** means a decision of the student conduct official regarding whether or not the respondent is responsible for the alleged violation(s) of the Code, including a required resolution and sanctions if appropriate.
- ~~10-14.~~ **Faculty member** means any person employed by the college to conduct teaching activities or who is otherwise considered by the college to be a member of the faculty.
- ~~11-15.~~ **Filing** is the process by which a document is officially delivered to a college official responsible for facilitating processes as outlined in the code of student rights and responsibilities. Filing will be considered completed upon actual receipt during office

hours at the Vice President for Student Affairsvice president for student affairs oOffice by:

- a. Hand delivery of the document to the Vice President for Student Affairsvice president for student affairs oOffice; or
- b. Sending the document by email or first class mail to the Vice President for Student Affairsvice president for student affairs oOffice and or college email address.

12.16. **Final determination** means a decision where no appeal is filed by the deadline or decision by the student conduct appeals boardpanel stating the outcome of the hearing.

13.17. **Guest** means any person who is not a member of the college community on college premises at the invitation and/or hosting of a student.

14.18. **Informal Resolution** is the outcome of a conduct conference when a student and a student conduct official enter into an agreement contract of accountability.

15.19. **Member of the college community** means any person who is a student, or faculty, or staff, or volunteer member. A volunteer is any person who is not receiving compensation for services or work for and/or at the college. A person's status in a particular situation will be determined by the senior conduct official or designee.

16.20. **No contact order** means an order directing a student to have no contact with a specified member of the college community, visitor, or a particular college facility. The order may include but is not limited to directives with regard to path of travel, parking, arrival on campus, or specified times for use of campus resources.

17.21. **Policy** means the official written policies and procedures of the college published on the college's web site or in the college catalog; or the individual requirements of a department or office, or course syllabi or covenants; or posted anywhere on college premises or at college-sponsored events or activities.

18.22. **Protected status** includes a person's race; color; national origin; sensory, mental or physical disability; use of a service animal; sex; gender, including pregnancy; marital status; age; religion; creed; genetic information; sexual orientation; gender identity; veteran's status; or any other legally protected classification.

23. **Recognized organization** means any group which has complied with the formal requirements for college recognition and is an officially recognized college organization. A group's status in a particular situation will be determined by the senior conduct official or designee."

24. **Required resolution and sanction** means the decision of the student conduct official regarding the resolution and sanction(s) appropriate to the level of responsibility for violating the code as conveyed in the determination of responsibility.

25. **Respondent** means any student alleged to have violated the code.

26. **Restorative practice process** means a process to involve those who have a stake in a specific violation of the code, to the extent possible and with their consent, to collectively identify and address harms, needs, and obligations. It may be part of a decision of the student conduct official regarding resolutions and sanctions in cases where the student has taken responsibility for their actions and a violation of the code.

27. **Senior student conduct official** means the primary college official authorized by the vice president for student affairs responsible for administration and implementation of the Code.

28. **Served notice** is the process by which a document is officially delivered to a party. Unless otherwise provided, service upon a party will be accomplished by

- a. Hand delivery of the document to the party; or

b. by sending the document by email or certified mail or first class mail to the party's last known address. A student's last known address will be the current address on file with the registrar unless a student has provided written notice of a different address to the office of the vice president for student affairs.

Service is deemed complete upon hand delivery of the document or upon the date the document is emailed or deposited in the mail.

29. **Sexual Misconduct** has the meaning ascribed to this term in the Prohibited Conduct (WAC174-123-070) section of this code.

30. **Staff member** means any person employed by the college in a non-faculty role.

31. **Student**" means:

- a. Any applicant who becomes enrolled, for violations of the ~~code~~ Code committed as part of the application process or committed following the applicant's submittal of the application through official enrollment;
- b. Any applicant accepted for admission or readmission to the college;
- c. Any person currently enrolled at the college;
- d. Any person enrolled at the college in a prior quarter or summer session, and eligible to continue enrollment in the quarter or summer session that immediately follows; or
- e. Any person who was enrolled at the time of alleged ~~for~~ violations of the code that occurred while enrolled; or
- f. Any person not employed by the college on a permanent basis who resides in college housing.

32. **Student conduct official** means a college official authorized by the senior student conduct official to administer the code in response to a complaint.

33. **Vice president for student affairs** is the person designated by the college president to oversee the administration of the code, and for performing the other duties and obligations of the position.

34. **Written notice** means written communication personally provided to the student or delivered via the student's assigned college account electronic mail address.

"**Faculty member**" means any person employed by the college to conduct teaching activities or who is otherwise considered by the college to be a member of the faculty.

"**Staff member**" means any person employed by the college for nonteaching purposes in a non-faculty role.

"**College official**" means any person employed by the college performing assigned teaching, administrative or professional responsibilities.

"**Member of the college community**" means any person who is a student or faculty or staff or volunteer member. A volunteer member is any person who is not receiving compensation for services or work for and/or at the college. A person's status in a particular situation will be determined by the vice-president for student affairs senior conduct official or designee.

"**Guest**" means any person who is not a member of the college community on college premises at the invitation and/or hosting of a student.

"**College premises**" means all campuses including all land, buildings, facilities, and other property in the possession of or owned, used, leased or controlled by the college including adjacent streets and sidewalks.

"**College-sponsored event or activity**" means activities or events involving planning or funding, or other authorized participation by the college.

"**Recognized organization**" means any group which has complied with the formal requirements for college recognition and is an officially recognized college organization. A group's status in a particular situation will be determined by the vice-president for student affairs senior conduct official or designee.

"Policy" means the official written policies and procedures of the college published on the college's web site or in the college catalog; or the individual requirements of a department or office, or course syllabi or covenants; or posted anywhere on college premises or at college-sponsored events or activities.

"Vice-president for student affairs" is the person designated by the college president to oversee the administration of the code, and for performing the other duties and obligations of the position.

"Senior student conduct administrator official" means the primary college official authorized by the vice-president for student affairs responsible for administering ration and implementation of the code.

"Student conduct administrator official" means a college official authorized by the vice-president for student affairs to senior student conduct official o administer the code in response to a complaint.

"Complainant" means any person who submits a complaint alleging that a student violated the code and/or a student person who believes they have been the victim of harmed by another student's misconduct.

"Respondent" means any student alleged to have violated the code.

"Restorative justice conference" means an informal process to involve, to the extent possible, those who have a stake in a specific offense and to collectively identify and address harms, needs, and obligations, in order to heal and put things right as possible.

"No contact order" means a directive of no contact with a member of the college community which may require a student to organize their activities in order to avoid contact with designated individuals. an order directing a student to have no contact with a specified member of the college community, visitor, or a particular college facility. The order may include but is not limited to directives with regard to path of travel, parking, arrival on campus, or specified times for use of campus resources.

"Conduct hold" means a hold placed on the student's official record with the registrar by the senior student conduct code administrator official or designee prohibiting a student from registering for academic credit or receiving a copy of their transcript until the hold is removed by the senior student conduct code administrator official or designee or the vice-president for student affairs.

"Resolution and sanction(s)" means those tasks or consequences, and associated deadlines, the respondent must complete to address violations of the code articulated in the contract of accountability.

20. "Contract Agreement of accountability" means a written mutual agreement between the respondent and student conduct administrator official which states the violations of the code and the resolution and sanction(s).

20. **"Determination of responsibility"** means a decision of the student conduct administrator official regarding whether or not the respondent is responsible for the alleged violation(s) of the code, including a required resolution and sanctions if appropriate.

21. **"Required resolution and sanction"** means the decision of the student conduct administrator official regarding the resolution and sanction(s) appropriate to the level of responsibility for violating the code as conveyed in the determination of responsibility.

22. **"Final determination"** means a decision where no appeal is filed by the deadline or decision by the student conduct appeals board stating the outcome of the hearing.

23. **"Written notice"** means written communication personally provided to the student or delivered via the student's assigned college account electronic mail address.

— **"Served notice"** means written communication personally provided to the student, or is the process by which a document is officially delivered to a party. Unless otherwise provided, service upon a party will be accomplished by

— **Hand delivery of the document to the party; or**

~~by sending the document by email or certified mail or first class mail to the party's~~ upon deposit in the United States mail addressed to the student at his or her last known address. A student's last known address will be the current address on file with the registrar unless a student has provided written notice of a different address to the office of the vice president for student affairs.

~~Service is deemed complete upon hand delivery of the document or upon the date the document is emailed or deposited in the mail.~~

24. ~~"Calendar day" means every day of the month including weekends and state holidays.~~

~~"Business day" means any calendar day, exclusive of weekends and federal and school holidays, in which the college is open to the public for the conduct of business.~~

~~"Consent" is affirmative, conscious, voluntary, and clear permission by word(s) or action(s) for specific activity. See the section on Sexual Misconduct for additional information.~~

~~"Sexual Misconduct" has the meaning ascribed to this term in the prohibited conduct [check after reformatting that section] section of this code.~~

~~Informal Resolution is the outcome of a conduct conference when a student and a student conduct official enter into a contract of accountability.~~

~~"Bullying" is repeated or aggressive unwanted behavior, not otherwise protected by law that intentionally humiliates, harms, or intimidates the victim.~~

~~"Conduct appeal" is the process by which a student can appeal their determination of responsibility and/or required resolutions and sanctions for any reason.~~

~~"Conduct hold" means a notation placed on the student's official record prohibiting a student from registering for any program or course.~~

~~"Filing" is the process by which a document is officially delivered to a college official responsible for facilitating processes as outlined in the code of student rights and responsibilities. Filing will be considered completed upon actual receipt during office hours at the Vice President for Student Affairs Office by:~~

~~Hand delivery of the document to the Vice President for Student Affairs Office; or~~

~~Sending the document by email or first class mail to the Vice President for Student Affairs Office and college email address.~~

~~"Protected status" includes a person's race; color; national origin; sensory, mental or physical disability; use of a service animal; gender, including pregnancy; marital status; age ; religion; creed; genetic information; sexual orientation; gender identity; veteran's status; or any other legally protected classification.~~

JURISDICTION (WAC 174-123-050)

1. The ~~e~~Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities will ~~applies~~y to ~~student conduct by a student or a recognized student organization that occurs:~~
 - ~~a. Prohibited conduct that occurs e~~On college premises; or
 - ~~b. At or in connection with a college-sponsored events or~~ activity or programies;
or

- ~~e-c. _____ at an off-campus location and, based on a reasonable person's standard, that adversely affects a college community member(s) ability to participate in or benefit from the college's educational or employment opportunities, programs, or activities, or adversely affects the pursuit of the college's objectives at an off-campus and applies in all locations; [that] in the judgment of the college, adversely affects members of the college community or the pursuit of its objectives; or including locations other than Olympia, Washington; and~~
- ~~b. Prohibited conduct that does not occur on college premises or in the context of college-sponsored events or activities where it is reasonable to conclude the conduct causes, or threatens to cause, substantial and material disruption or interference with teaching by the College and student learning; or where the conduct causes, or threatens to cause, a substantial and material danger to the health, welfare, or personal safety of any member of the college community, or to college property. The vice president for student affairs will determine whether the code will be applied to conduct occurring off campus on a case-by-case basis at an off-campus location when the allegation involves sexual misconduct involving a member of the college community.~~
- ~~2. Each student is responsible for their conduct from the time of application for admission through the actual awarding of a degree as follows:~~
 - ~~3. Before a program or course of study begins or after it ends;
During the academic year; and~~
 - ~~4.2. _____ During periods between terms of actual enrollment, even if the person's conduct is reported after a degree is awarded. Jurisdiction extends to locations in which students are engaged in official college activities including, but not limited to, foreign or domestic travel, activities funded by student fees, the recognized student government, athletic events, training internships, cooperative and distance education, online education, practicums, supervised work experiences or any other college-sanctioned social events or recognized organization's activities.~~
 - ~~3. Students are responsible for their conduct from notification of acceptance at the college through the actual receipt of a degree, even though conduct may occur before classes begin or after classes end, as well as during the academic year and during periods between terms of actual enrollment.~~
 - ~~4. These standards will ~~code~~ apply to a student's conduct even if the student withdraws from the college while a complaint is pending.~~
 - ~~5. The Vice President for Student Affairs vice president for student affairs or their designee has sole discretion, on a case by case basis, to determine whether the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities will be applied to conduct that occurs off-campus.~~
 - ~~5.6. _____ The Vice President for Student Affairs vice president for student affairs or their designee has sole discretion, on a case by case basis, to determine whether the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities, or the College's Student Activities Handbook, or both will be applied to conduct by a student organization.~~
 - ~~6. Alleged misconduct by a student organization will be addressed by student activities' policies and procedures.~~
 - ~~7. Nothing herein will be construed as being intended to create a legal obligation on the part of the college to protect any person or class of persons from injury or harm, or to deny students their legal and/or constitutionally protected rights.~~

COMPUTATION OF TIME (WAC 174-123-060)

In computing any period of time in these rules, the day from which the designated period begins to run will not be included. -The last day of the period will be included unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, ~~or~~ holiday, or campus closure, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, ~~or~~ holiday, or campus closure.

PROHIBITED CONDUCT (WAC 174-123-070)

~~Students are expected to engage in responsible conduct that reflects credit upon the college community and to model good citizenship. Students are expected to preserve college functions, maintain academic integrity, provide honest and accurate information, prevent harm to self or others, foster a safe community, protect and preserve college and personal property, and to adhere to published policies, contracts, and local, state and federal laws. Attempting or engaging in any of the following conduct is specifically prohibited under the code.~~

The Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities recognizes two types of prohibited conduct: conduct related to community, and conduct related to persons. The sections below outline the basic structures of community that the Code seeks to uphold, and the basic rights and expectations of students that the Code seeks to support.

1. Conduct Related to Community

The Evergreen State College Community is a vibrant and engaged collective of individuals who have committed to the mission of the college. The college's mission statement reads as follows: -"As an innovative public liberal arts college, Evergreen emphasizes collaborative, interdisciplinary learning across significant differences. Our academic community engages students in defining and thinking critically about their learning. Evergreen supports and benefits from local and global commitments to social justice, diversity, environmental stewardship and service in the public interest." Students are encouraged to continue to grow individualistically while contributing to and shaping the Evergreen community as each person brings new ideas, new perspectives, and renewed focus that is invaluable at a liberal arts college.

Students in the college community are expected to practice academic integrity: to author their own ideas and critique and evaluate others' ideas in their own voices. The greater learning community of the college can thrive only if each person works with a genuine commitment to make their own authentic intellectual discoveries.

It is a community expectation that students or a recognized student organization will not engage in the following Prohibited Conduct: A student may find themselves outside of these community expectations if they engage in the following actions:

- a. **Academic dishonesty** which includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - i. Cheating includes any attempt to give or obtain unauthorized assistance relating to the completion of an academic assignment;
 - ii. Plagiarism includes taking and using as defined as appropriating or incorporating any other person's published or unpublished work in one's own work without proper attribution - full, clear and correct acknowledgment the ideas, writings, or work of another person in completing an academic assignment.- Plagiarism may also include the unauthorized submission of academic work for credit that has been submitted for credit in another course;

- ii.iii. Copying from another person's academic work without proper acknowledgment; Fabrication includes falsifying data, information, or citations in completing an academic assignment and also includes providing false or deceptive information to an instructor concerning the completion of an assignment;
 - iii.iv. Using assistance or materials that are expressly forbidden to complete an academic product or assignment;
 - iv.v. The unauthorized collaboration with any other person during the completion of independent academic work;
 - v.vi. Knowingly falsifying or assisting in falsifying in whole, or in part, the contents of one's academic work;
 - vi.vii. Permitting any other person to substitute oneself to complete academic work; or
 - vii.viii. Engaging in any academic behavior specifically prohibited by a faculty member in the course covenant, syllabus, or individual or class discussion.
- b. ~~Conduct that obstructs or disrupts any college learning, teaching, research, administration, adjudicative process, public service functions or college sponsored events or activities.~~ **Damaging, defacing, destroying, or tampering with**, college property or other personal or public property.- This includes, but is not limited to, graffiti and vandalism.
- c. ~~Failure to be truthful to the college or a college official.~~ This includes, but is not limited to, knowingly making false charges against another member of the college community; and providing false or misleading information in an application for admission, to gain employment, or in a college investigation, hearing or process. **Disorderly Conduct.** Any individual or group behavior which is abusive, obscene, violent, excessively noisy, or which unreasonably disturbs institutional functions, operations, classrooms, other groups or individuals. -These behaviors include, but are not limited to those which obstruct or interfere with institutional activities, programs, events, or facilities, such as:
- i. Any unauthorized occupancy of facilities owned or controlled by **the College**, or blockage of access to or from such facilities, or the occupation of College property after being given notice to depart;
 - ii. Interference with the right of any **community** member or other authorized person to gain access to any activity, program, event or facility sponsored or controlled by **the College**;
 - iii. Any obstruction or delay of a public safety officer, police officer, firefighter, EMT, or any official of **the College**;
 - iv. The use of force or violence (actual or threatened) to deny, impede, obstruct, impair, or interfere with the freedom of movement of any person, or the performance of duties of any **college employee**;
 - v. Participation in a disruptive or coercive demonstration. A demonstration is considered disruptive or coercive if it substantially impedes college operations, interferes with the rights of others, or takes place on premises or at times where students are not authorized to be;
 - vi. Obstruction of the free flow of pedestrian or vehicular traffic on college property or at college sponsored/-supervised functions; or
—**p**ublic urination or defecation.
 - vii. _____

d. **Disruptive behavior in the classroom** ~~may be~~ may be defined as, but not limited to, behavior that unreasonably obstructs or disrupts the learning environment (e.g., outbursts which disrupt the flow of instruction or prevent concentration on the subject taught, failure to cooperate in maintaining the learning community as defined in the course syllabus or covenant), and the continued use, after being given notice to stop, of any electronic or other noise or light emitting device which disturbs others, unless use of such technologies are an authorized accommodation for a documented disability for that program.

At The Evergreen State College, the instructor has responsibility for maintaining a productive classroom and can order the temporary removal or exclusion from the classroom of any student engaged in disruptive behavior or behavior that violates the general rules and regulations of the college for each class session during which the behavior occurs. Extended or permanent exclusion from the classroom, beyond the session in which the conduct occurred, or further conduct action can be effected only through appropriate procedures of the college. The instructor may also report incidents of classroom misconduct to the student conduct office.

e-e. **Forgery, alteration, or the misuse** of college documents, records or identification cards.

e-f. **Failure to comply** with the direction of or failure to identify yourself to a college official or other public official acting in the performance of their duties.

e. **Physical abuse** of any person including, but not limited to, physical assault with bodily injury or the threat of physical harm to another person.

f. **The recording of any private conversation**, by any device, without the consent of all persons engaged in the conversation except as permitted by state law chapter 9.73 RCW. For purposes of this section, the term "consent" will be considered obtained only when one party has announced to all other parties engaged in the communication or conversation that such communication or conversation will be recorded or transmitted; and the announcement itself is recorded as part of the conversation or communication.

g. **Viewing**, photographing, or filming another person without that person's knowledge and consent, while the person being photographed, viewed or filmed is in a place where he or she would have a reasonable expectation of privacy.

h-g. **Unauthorized entry** into or onto, or the unauthorized remaining in, or upon, any college premises; or the unauthorized possession, duplication, or use of a college key or other access device.

i. **Intentional sounding of a false alarm** which includes, but is not limited to, initiating or causing to be initiated any false report, warning or threat, such as that of fire, explosion or emergency that intentionally causes a false emergency response; and the improper use or disabling of safety equipment and signs.

j. **Failure to evacuate during a fire alarm**; the improper use or damaging of fire prevention or safety equipment, such as fire extinguishers, smoke detectors, alarm pull stations, or emergency exits; or the unauthorized setting of fires.

The possession, use, manufacture, or distribution of alcohol except as expressly permitted by law or college policy; or public appearance on college premises while intoxicated. Alcoholic beverages may not, in any circumstance, be used, possessed, consumed by, or distributed to, any person under the legal age.

Possession, use, manufacture, cultivation, packaging, distribution, selling, or the providing of any controlled substance as identified in chapter 69.50 RCW; or the possession or use of drug paraphernalia as defined in RCW 69.50.102; use of a prescription drug other than as prescribed, use of a prescription drug not issued to the

student, or the distribution or sale of a prescription drug to a person to whom the prescription was not originally issued; or public appearance while under the influence of a controlled or illegal substance.

Damaging, defacing, destroying, or tampering with, college property or other personal or public property. This includes, but is not limited to, graffiti and vandalism.

The attempted or actual theft of property or services. This includes, but is not limited to, taking, attempting to take, possessing, or aiding another to take college property or services, or property belonging to any person, without express permission.

Possessing firearms or other dangerous weapons other than to secure them with police services; the unauthorized use, possession or storage of any explosives, fireworks, dangerous chemicals, or substances; or the use of any instrument designed to cause harm, or realistic replica of such instrument, in such a manner which might reasonably threaten or cause fear or alarm to others.

Sexual misconduct, which includes the following:

The actual or attempted sexual intercourse or sexual contact that is unwanted or forced upon another, without the consent of that person. Sexual contact is any intentional contact with the breasts, buttock, groin or genitals, or touching another with any of these body parts, or making another touch you or themselves with or on any of these body parts. Sexual intercourse means any anal, oral or vaginal intercourse, however slight, with any object. Consent means that at the time of the act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact there are actual words or conduct indicating a voluntary and mutually understandable agreement between the parties to engage in the action(s) or behavior(s). Consent may not be given or granted when one's capacity for effective decision making has been diminished by the use of alcohol or drugs, or a person is unconscious, or is experiencing some other cognitive impairment. Consent is not considered voluntary when obtained through threats, intimidation, or coercion. Sexual misconduct can occur with any combination of genders, gender expressions and sexual orientations.

The photographing or filming of the intimate areas of another person without that person's knowledge and consent and under circumstances where the person has a reasonable expectation of privacy, whether in a public or private place.

The indecent exposure of a person's genitals when done in a place where such exposure is likely to be an offense against generally accepted standards of decency.

Sexual exploitation which occurs when one takes nonconsensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for another's advantage or benefit and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the other sexual misconduct prohibitions. Sexual exploitation includes, but is not limited to, going beyond the boundaries of consent (such as allowing others to view otherwise consensual sexual activity).

Harm which is behavior directed at an individual that is sufficiently severe, pervasive, or persistent such that it diminishes or interferes with the ability of an individual to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the college or an employee to engage in their work duties.

Stalking which is defined as repeatedly engaging in a course of conduct directed at another individual that would cause a reasonable person to experience alarm, fright or determine that their safety, or the safety of those affiliated or associated with them is at risk.

Harassment which is defined as conduct against a person on the basis of race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religious affiliation, sex, gender identity or expression, disability, age, military status, or sexual orientation that is sufficiently severe, pervasive, or persistent to create an objectively hostile environment that interferes with or diminishes the ability of an individual to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or

~~privileges provided by the college, or an employee to engage in work duties.
Failing to monitor the behavior of a visitor or guest to assure their adherence to the code.~~

~~Violation of any college policy including, but not limited to, residential and dining services policies.~~

~~Knowingly assisting another person to violate the code or failing to report to a college official conduct that constitutes significant damage to property or a serious danger to the health or personal safety of an individual.~~

~~Tampering with the election of any student organization or group.~~

~~Hazing which is conduct that includes any activity or method of initiation into a recognized organization or student social, living, learning, or athletic group that causes, or is likely to cause, bodily danger or physical, mental, or emotional harm to any member of the college community.~~

~~h. Being charged with violation of federal, state, or local law by law enforcement, or conviction of a felony or misdemeanor, under circumstances where it is reasonable to conclude that the presence of the person on college premises would constitute a danger to the health, or personal safety of members of the college community.~~

2. Conduct Related to Persons

Students of The Evergreen State College are to practice good citizenship in the campus community and beyond. -Our collective efforts include implementation of the education, experiential learning, and skills gained through engagement with the faculty, staff, and students of the college. Engagement can be through civil discussions, a free exchange of ideas, participation in events and programs, or through other interactions where the desire to create spaces for learning are present. Students are encouraged to pursue new opportunities to engage and expand their intellectual curiosities and develop an understanding of the global society in which we live.

Students in the college community participate with fellow community members (faculty, staff, students, and members of the community beyond The Evergreen State College) in dialogue, educational activities, social events, and more with a focus on civil engagement and being one's best self.

It is a community expectation that students or recognized student organizations will not engage in the following Prohibited Conduct: A student may find themselves outside of these community expectations related to persons if they engage in the following actions:

a. Alcohol, drug, and tobacco violations.

- i. Alcohol.- The use, possession, delivery, sale, or being observably under the influence of any alcoholic beverage, except as permitted by law and applicable college policies.
- ii. Marijuana.- The use, possession, delivery, or sale of marijuana or the psychoactive compounds found in marijuana, regardless of form, or being observably under the influence of marijuana or the psychoactive compounds found in marijuana.

Marijuana use and possession is illegal under federal law and the College is required to prohibit the possession, use and distribution of illicit drugs, including marijuana, as a condition of receiving federal funding.

iii. Drugs. -The use, possession, delivery, sale, or being observably under the influence of any mood altering drug, or any other controlled substance under RCW 69.50, except as prescribed for a student's use by a licensed practitioner.

-Tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and related products. The use of tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and related products is prohibited except as allowed by college policy in designated smoking areas. Related products include, but are not limited to cigarettes, pipes, bidi, clove cigarettes, water pipes, hookahs, chewing tobacco, vaporizers, and snuff.

iv. _____

b. **Assault.** Unwanted touching, physical abuse, or threats of physical abuse which threaten the health or safety of another person.

c. **Theft (attempted or actual) of property or services.** This includes, but is not limited to, taking, attempting to take, possessing, or aiding another to take college property or services, or property belonging to any person, without express permission.

d. **Cyber-Misconduct.**- Cyber-stalking, cyber-bullying or online harassment which is sufficiently serious ~~such that it interferes with or diminishes the ability of an individual to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the college, or an employee to engage in work duties.~~ Use of electronic communications, including, but not limited to, electronic mail, instant messaging, listservs, electronic bulletin ~~board~~panels/discussion ~~board~~panels and forums, and social media sites or platforms, to harass, abuse, bully or engage in other conduct which harms, threatens, or is reasonably perceived as threatening the ~~physical, or mental, or emotional~~ safety of another- person. Prohibited activities include, but are not limited to, unauthorized monitoring of another's email communications directly or through spyware, sending threatening emails, or disrupting electronic communications with spam or by sending a computer virus, sending false messages to third parties using another's email identity.

e. **Failure to be truthful to the college or a college official.** This includes, but is not limited to, knowingly making false charges against another member of the college community; and providing false or misleading information in an application for admission or to gain employment.

f. **Failure to evacuate during a fire alarm;** the improper use or damaging of fire prevention or safety equipment, such as fire extinguishers, smoke detectors, alarm pull stations, or emergency exits; or the unauthorized setting of fires.

g. **Harm.** Behavior directed at an individual that is sufficiently severe, pervasive, or persistent such that it diminishes or interferes with the ability of a ~~reasonable person a~~ ~~individual~~ to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the eCollege or an employee to engage in their work duties.

h. **Harassment.** Conduct against a person on the basis of race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religious affiliation, sex, gender identity or expression, disability, age, military status, or sexual orientation that is sufficiently severe, pervasive, or persistent to create an objectively hostile environment that interferes with or diminishes the ability of an

individual to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the college, or an employee to engage in work duties.

- i. **Hazing.** Conduct that includes any activity or method of initiation into a recognized organization or student social, living, learning, or athletic group that causes, or is likely to cause, bodily danger or physical ~~or ,~~ mental, ~~or emotional~~ harm to any member of the college community.
- j. **Intimidation or harassment.** Verbal abuse, threat(s), ~~intimidation, harassm~~ent, bullying, or other conduct which harms, threatens or is reasonably perceived as threatening the ~~physical or ,~~ mental, ~~or emotional~~ safety of another person as per a reasonable person standard. Bullying is repeated or aggressive unwanted behavior, not otherwise protected by law that intentionally humiliates, harms, or intimidates the victim.
- k. **Knowingly assisting another person to violate the code** or failing to report to a college official conduct that constitutes significant damage to property or a serious danger to the health or personal safety of an individual.
- l. **Lewd conduct.** Behavior which is lewd or obscene that is not otherwise protected under the law, including, but not limited to, exposing genitalia, and engaging in sexual intercourse or sexual activity in public.
- m. **Obstructive behavior in conduct conferences or hearings.** Any conduct at any stage of a process or investigation that is threatening, or disorderly, including:
 - i. Failure to abide by the directives of a student conduct official or College official(s) in the performance of their duties;
 - ii. Knowing falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation of information before a student conduct official or hearing ~~board~~panel;
 - iii. Deliberate disruption or interference with the orderly conduct of a conduct conference or hearing proceeding;
 - iv. Making false statements to any student conduct officials or hearing ~~board~~panel;
 - v. Attempting to influence the impartiality of a member of a hearing ~~board~~panel or a student conduct official prior to, or during the course of, a proceeding; or
 - vi. Harassment or intimidation of any participant in the College conduct process.
- n. **Recording.** The recording of any private conversation, by any device, without the voluntary permission of all persons engaged in the conversation except as permitted by state law chapter 9.73 RCW. For purposes of this section, the term "permission" will be considered obtained only when one party has announced to all other parties engaged in the communication or conversation that such communication or conversation will be recorded or transmitted; and the announcement itself is recorded as part of the conversation or communication.
- o. **Retaliation.** Harming, threatening, intimidating, coercing, or taking adverse action of any kind against a person because such person reported an alleged violation of the Code or College policy, provided information about an alleged violation, or participated as a witness or in any other capacity in a College investigation or conduct proceeding.
- **Stalking.** A course of conduct directed at a specific person or group that would cause a reasonable person to feel fear that the perpetrator intends to injure, intimidate, or harass that person. Stalking also includes instances where the person engaged in the

activity knows or reasonably should know that the person is frightened, intimidated, or harassed, even if the person engaged in the activity lacks such intent.

- p. Viewing, distributing, photographing, or filming another person without that person's knowledge and voluntary permission, while the person being photographed, viewed or filmed is in a place where they would have a reasonable expectation of privacy. The term "permission" will be considered obtained if there are signed waivers, written permission, or verbal agreement recorded with specificity to the content.
- q. Violation of any college policy including, but not limited to, residential and dining services policies, appropriate use of information technology resources policies, and WAC 174-136-043 WAC ~~xxx xxx xxx~~ regarding weapons.
- r. Violation of federal, state, or local law including being charged by law enforcement, or convicted of a felony or misdemeanor, under circumstances where it is reasonable to conclude that the presence of the person on College premises would constitute a danger to the physical or ,mental, ,or emotional safety of members of the College community.
- s. Sexual misconduct. -The term "sexual misconduct" includes sexual harassment, sexual exploitation, sexual violence, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. Supplementary educational documents are available on The Evergreen State College website for student conduct.

3. In order to understand the definitions of prohibited conduct in this section, and to adjudicate complaints of sexual misconduct, it is necessary to provide a further definition of consent. This section provides information about consent related to sexual misconduct.

Consent is affirmative, conscious, voluntary, and clear permission by words or actions regarding willingness to engage in and the circumstances of sexual activity. Consent is active, not passive. Each party has the responsibility to make certain that the other has consented before engaging in the activity. Consent to any one form of sexual activity does not automatically imply consent to any other forms of sexual activity. Previous relationships or prior consent does not imply consent to future sexual acts. Consent can be withdrawn once given, as long as that withdrawal is communicated. There is no requirement for a party to resist the sexual advance or request, but resistance is a clear demonstration of non-consent.

A person cannot consent if they are incapacitated. Incapacitation is a state where someone cannot make rational, reasonable decisions because they lack the capacity to give affirmative consent (e.g., to understand the "who, what, when, where, why or how" of their sexual interaction). A person cannot consent if they are unable to understand what is happening or is disoriented, helpless, asleep or unconscious for any reason, including due to alcohol or other drugs. -An individual who engages in sexual activity when the individual knows, or should know, that the other person is physically or mentally incapacitated has engaged in nonconsensual conduct. The question of what the other participant(s) in activity should have known is objectively based on what a reasonable person in the place of the participant(s), sober and exercising good judgment, would have known about the condition of the complainant.

Consent cannot be obtained by force or coercion. Force is the use of physical violence and/or imposing on someone physically to gain sexual access. Force also includes threats or intimidation (implied threats) that overcomes free will or resistance. -Coercion is unreasonable pressure for sexual activity. When someone makes clear to another person that they do not

want sex, that they want to stop, or that they do not want to go past a certain point of sexual interaction, continued pressure beyond that point can be coercive.

Intoxication is not a defense against allegations that an individual has engaged in nonconsensual sexual activity.

This code is applicable regardless of the sexual orientation and/or gender identity of individuals engaging in sexual activity. **Conduct is determined a violation as per the reasonable person standard.**

- a. **Sexual harassment.** -The term "sexual harassment" means unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature, including unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual nature that is sufficiently ~~serious,~~ **severe, pervasive, or persistent** as to deny or limit based on sex, the ability of a student to participate in or benefit from the college's educational program or that creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment for other campus community members.
- b. **Sexual exploitation.**- The term "sexual exploitation" means threatening or ~~emotional~~ **psychologically** distressing conduct based on sex and when the behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the other sexual misconduct prohibitions. Sexual exploitation includes, but is not limited to, taking nonconsensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for their own, or another's, advantage or benefit; nonconsensual recording of sexual activity or the non-consensual distribution of a consensual or nonconsensual recording or image; going beyond the boundaries of consent; forcing another person to engage in sexual activity for payment; or knowingly exposing someone to or transmitting a sexually transmitted infection.
- c. **Sexual violence.** -"Sexual Violence" is a type of sexual discrimination and harassment.
 - i. Nonconsensual sexual intercourse is any sexual intercourse (anal, oral, or vaginal), however slight, with any object or body part, by a person upon another person, that is without consent and/or by force. Sexual intercourse includes anal or vaginal penetration by a penis, tongue, finger or another body part or object, or oral copulation by mouth to genital contact. Sexual intercourse also includes forcing a person to engage in vaginal or anal penetration by a penis, object, tongue or finger, or oral copulation by mouth to genital contact.
 - ii. Nonconsensual sexual contact is any intentional sexual touching, however slight, with any object or body part, by a person upon another person that is without consent and/or by force. Sexual contact includes intentional contact with the lips, breasts, buttock, groin, or genitals, or touching another with any of these body parts, or making another touch you or themselves with or on any of these body parts, or any other intentional bodily contact in a sexual manner.
- d. **Domestic violence** is the infliction of physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury or assault committed

against a current or former spouse or intimate partner, current or former cohabitant, a person with whom the person shares a child in common, or a person with whom one resides.

e. **Dating violence**, also known as relationship violence, includes the infliction of physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury or assault committed against a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the complainant. The existence of such a relationship will be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Stalking is a course of conduct directed at a specific person or group that would cause a reasonable person to feel fear that the perpetrator intends to injure, intimidate, or harass that person. Stalking also includes instances where the person engaged in the activity knows or reasonably should know that the person is frightened, intimidated, or harassed, even if the person engaged in the activity lacks such intent.

~~**EMERGENCY SUSPENSION** (WAC 174-123-080)~~

~~The vice-president for student affairs, or designee, may immediately suspend a student from the college for an interim period prior to the completion of an investigation of an alleged code violation by the student conduct administrator, if the student's alleged act of misconduct is of such a serious nature that continued enrollment at the college presents a threat to the safety, health, or welfare of any member of the college community, or the protection of personal or college property.~~

~~A student placed on emergency suspension will be served notice of the suspension, the reason for imposing an emergency suspension, and advised of the date, time and place for a hearing regarding the suspension before the vice-president of student affairs, or their designee. The hearing will take place no later than ten business days from the effective date of the emergency suspension.~~

~~The respondent may request to proceed with a conduct conference with the senior conduct administrator prior to the emergency suspension hearing. The resolution of the conduct conference may result in removal of the emergency suspension with the vice-president's approval.~~

~~Failure of a student to appear at the time and place scheduled in the served notice will result in the issuance of an order of default and in the loss of the student's right to a hearing challenging the emergency suspension.~~

~~a-f.~~

PURPOSE (WAC 174-123-~~090~~080)

~~The procedures governing a student conduct administrator's official's handling management of complaints under the code, are designed to afford complainants and respondents informal resolution options and a fair and accessible process. The student conduct process provides due process, educates students about their rights and responsibilities, and holds students accountable for their actions, and provides due process. If students believe that a student conduct official is not handling complaints according to these procedures, students should report their concern immediately. Students may report concerns to the vice president or for student affairs or designee using the procedural review process outlined in WAC 174-123-150 xxx-xxx-xxx.~~

SUBMITTING A COMPLAINT (WAC 174-123-100090)

- ~~1. Any person may submit a complaint against a student alleging a violation of the code Code. The A complaint must may be submitted through the online report form, or in writing to the senior student conduct administrator or to any other a college official who is able to take action. This includes but is not limited to the Director of Student Conduct, the Title IX Coordinator, residential life staff, police services, or to the V vice P president for s student A affairs. Individuals may choose not to submit a report to police services alleging a violation of the code. —A complaint should be submitted as soon as possible after the event has taken place. A group of people may make an initial complaint collectively.~~
- ~~2. The senior conduct administrator official, or designee, will be responsible for addressing alleged violations of the e Code. If there is a question about who should be responsible for addressing a complaint, the vice vice president president for student student affairs affairs, or designee, will assign responsibility for handling the complaint and if necessary, serve as a student conduct administrator official.~~
- ~~3. A complainant or respondent may request, in writing to the vice _ president for student affairs or designee, to have a complaint addressed by an alternate student conduct administrator official if a bias, prejudice, or conflict of interest is identified. The vice president ef for student affairs or designee will have the final authority to determine the appropriate student conduct administrator official to assign in this case.~~
- ~~3.4. Based on the complaint, the senior student conduct official or designee will conduct an initial review of the complaint to determine jurisdiction and if there is clear information to indicate a possible violation of the Code in order to determine next steps. The senior student conduct official or designee may elect to initiate a conduct conference, attempt to gather additional information to make a determination, or close the complaint without any further action. If the complaint is closed without any further action by the senior student conduct official or designee, the parties may be referred for additional resources.~~

NOTIFICATION TO RESPONDENT (WAC 174-123-110)

- ~~1. The respondent will meet with the student conduct code administrator for a conduct conference as directed in a written notice.~~
- ~~2. The student conduct administrator may impose interim restrictions on the respondent prior to, or at any stage during, a conduct conference, when the health or safety of the complainant or any member of the college community is deemed at risk. The interim restriction may include a no contact order and/or loss of privileges limiting access to community members who may be at risk due to the respondent's presence.~~

~~A student issued an interim restriction that includes loss of privileges will receive written notice of the interim restriction, the reason for imposing an interim restriction, and advised of the date, time and place for a hearing regarding the interim restriction before the student conduct administrator, or their designee. The hearing will take place no later than three business days from the effective date of the interim restriction.~~

- ~~3. The interim restriction will remain in place until a contract of accountability exists, an appeal board issues a final determination, or the student conduct administrator notifies the respondent in writing that the interim restriction has been modified or is no longer in effect.~~

INTERIM MEASURES (WAC 174-123-080110100)

- 1. Interim restrictions.** The student conduct official or designee may institute interim restrictions prior to, or at any stage during, a student conduct proceeding when the physical or , mental, or emotional safety of any member of the college community is deemed at risk. -The interim restriction may include a no contact order and/or loss of privileges.
 - a. A student issued an interim restriction that includes loss of privileges will receive written notice of the interim restriction, the reason for instituting an interim restriction, and advised of the date, time and place for a hearing regarding the interim restriction before the student conduct official, or their designee. -The hearing will take place no later than five business days from the effective date of the interim restriction.
 - b. The interim restriction will remain in place during any procedural review process, until a ~~contract~~n agreement of accountability exists, a student conduct official issues a determination of responsibility, an appeals ~~board~~panel issues a final determination, or the student conduct official notifies the respondent in writing that the interim restriction has been modified or is no longer in effect.
- 2. Interim Ssuspension.** This is a temporary exclusion from ~~specified~~ college premises or denial of access to all activities or privileges for which a respondent might otherwise be eligible, including enrollment, while a student conduct proceeding is pending. The ~~vice p~~resident for ~~ss~~tudent ~~ae~~ffairs or their designee may impose an interim suspension if there is probable cause to believe that the respondent has violated any provision of the Code and presents a substantial or ongoing danger to the physical or , mental, or emotional safety of any members of the college community; or poses an ongoing threat of substantial disruption of, or interference with, teaching, learning or the operations of the college.
 - a. Any student assigned an interim suspension will be served with oral or written notice of the interim suspension. If oral notice is given, a written notification will be served on the respondent within two business days of the oral notice.
 - b. The written notification will be entitled "Notice of Interim Suspension" and will include:
 - i. The reasons for imposing the interim suspension, including a description of the conduct giving rise to the interim suspension and reference to the provisions of the Code allegedly violated;
 - ii. The date, time, and location when the respondent must appear before the ~~vice president for student affairs~~vice president for student affairs or their designee for a hearing on the interim suspension; and

- iii. The conditions, if any, under which the respondent may physically access the campus or communicate with members of the campus community.- If the respondent has been ~~trespassed~~barred from the campus, a notice will be included that warns the student that their privilege to enter into or remain on college premises has been withdrawn, and that the respondent will be considered trespassing if the respondent enters the college campus other than as approved by the ~~vice president for student affairs~~vice president for student affairs or their designee.
- c. The ~~vice president for student affairs~~vice president for student affairs or their designee will conduct a hearing on the interim suspension within five business days after imposition of the interim suspension.
- d. During the interim suspension hearing, the issue before the ~~vice president for student affairs~~vice president for student affairs or their designee is whether there is reasonable grounds to believe that the interim suspension should be continued pending the conclusion of student conduct proceedings and/or whether the interim suspension should be less restrictive in scope.
- e. The student will be afforded an opportunity to explain why interim suspension should not be continued while conduct proceedings are pending or why the interim suspension should be less restrictive in scope.
- f. If the student fails to appear at the designated hearing time, the ~~vice president for student affairs~~vice president for student affairs or their designee may order that the interim suspension remain in place pending the conclusion of the conduct proceedings.
- g. As soon as practicable following the hearing, the ~~vice president for student affairs~~vice president for student affairs or their designee will issue a written decision which will include a brief explanation for any decision continuing and/or modifying the interim suspension.
- h. To the extent permissible under applicable law, the ~~vice president for student affairs~~vice president for student affairs or their designee will provide a copy of the decision to all persons or offices who may be bound or protected by it.
- i. In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the complainant will be notified that an interim suspension has been imposed on the same day that the interim suspension notice is served on the student. The College will also provide the complainant with ~~timely~~same day notice of any subsequent changes to the interim suspension order.

INITIATING A CONDUCT CONFERENCE (WAC 174-123-~~120~~110)

~~1.-A~~During the conduct conference ~~is a meeting or, which may occur over~~ a series of meetings, ~~held between a respondent and a, -the~~ student conduct ~~administrator official.-~~ student conduct official will explain to the respondent the process for addressing complaints under the eCode, advise the respondent of their rights and responsibilities, and review with the respondent the complaint and alleged violation(s) of the eCode.

1. The respondent will meet with the student conduct official for a conduct conference as directed in a written notice. The notice will briefly describe the allegations and the provision(s) of the Code the respondent is alleged to have violated. The notice will direct the respondent to schedule a conduct conference or direct the respondent to attend a conduct conference at a specific time and location. At the conduct conference, the student conduct official will present the allegations to the respondent and the respondent will be afforded an opportunity to explain what occurred. If the respondent fails to attend the conduct conference, a determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s) may be determined in the respondent's absence.
2. If there is more than one respondent involved in the complaint, the student conduct administrator, at their discretion, may conduct the conferences concerning each respondent either separately, or jointly.
- ~~3. Failure to meet with the student conduct administrator at the appointed time during the conduct conference process may subject a respondent to a conduct hold. If the respondent fails to meet with the student conduct administrator as required, a determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanctions may be determined in the respondent's absence.~~
3. In addition to information sought from the respondent regarding the allegations, the student conduct administrator may seek additional information from other persons with information relevant to the investigation of the complaint.

~~If the complaint is determined to have merit, the student conduct administrator will proceed with informal resolution, enter into a contract of accountability with the respondent, or complete an investigation and issue a determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s). If the student conduct administrator determines that the respondent is not responsible for violating the code, no action will be taken and the complaint will be dismissed.~~

INFORMAL RESOLUTION AND CONTRACT AGREEMENT OF ACCOUNTABILITY (WAC 174-123-130-120)

~~If the student conduct administrator concludes that efforts at informal resolution are appropriate to resolve a complaint, the administrator will take whatever steps are useful to that end, including mediation, arbitration or a restorative justice conference. The complainant may end the informal resolution process at any time and request formal resolution of the complaint.~~

~~If an informal resolution is reached and the respondent complies with the agreed terms and conditions, if any, no further action against the respondent will be taken and the matter will be closed. If a resolution is not reached, or the respondent fails to comply with the agreed terms and conditions of the resolution, the student conduct code administrator may proceed to take action necessary to resolve the complaint. The student conduct official will attempt to resolve a complaint informally using an agreement contract of accountability. - If a complaint is not resolved using an contract agreement of accountability, the student conduct official will resolve the complaint by issuing a determination of responsibility and required resolutions and sanctions as described in WAC 174-123-1530.~~

CONTRACT OF ACCOUNTABILITY (WAC 174-123-140)

1. The student conduct ~~administrator official~~ may work with any respondent who acknowledges responsibility for engaging in prohibited conduct to identify the resolution and sanction(s). If an agreement is reached, the resolution and sanction(s) will be contained in a written ~~contract agreement~~ of accountability signed by both the respondent and the student conduct ~~administrator official~~.
2. A respondent who enters into an ~~an contract agreement~~ of accountability will comply with the resolution and sanction(s) set forth in the ~~contract agreement~~ and will have no further right of appeal under the eCode. A respondent's failure to comply with an ~~an contract agreement~~ of accountability may be the basis for a separate violation of misconduct under the code. ~~A separate violation will be addressed using a -and may result in the student conduct administrator issuing a conduct registration- hold and/or initiating a conduct conference as described in WAC 172-123-1120.~~ The conduct hold will remain in effect until such time that the student satisfactorily completes all of the requirements of the ~~contract agreement~~ of accountability. If a complaint alleges sexual misconduct, ~~sexual harassment~~, or physical abuse, the complainant is to be informed of the ~~contract agreement~~ of accountability.
- ~~2.3. RA restorative justice practice process may be a requirement component of an agreement of accountability in cases where the student has taken responsibility for their actions and a violation of the Code. An agreement may be entered into as part of an contract agreement of accountability that the student is choosing to voluntarily participate in a restorative practice justice process. The A r-restorative justice process practice is intended to provide resolution and restoration for those negatively impacted by the code violation, as well as, give the respondent an opportunity to make the situation as right as possible. as a form of alternative resolution that is primarily educational in nature. To fulfill the obligations of the contract agreement of accountability the process must be completed.~~

NOTICE OF DETERMINATION OF RESPONSIBILITY AND REQUIRED RESOLUTION AND SANCTIONS
(WAC 174-123-~~150~~130)

1. If a complaint is not resolved ~~through informal resolution or~~ by entering into an ~~agreement -contract-~~ of accountability, the student conduct ~~administrator official~~ will issue a determination of responsibility based on a ~~preponderance of the evidence~~ standard. ~~Preponderance of the evidence standard means it is -of more likely than not and if appropriate, a required resolution and sanction(s) that the information and evidence shows that an alleged policy violation did or did not occur.~~
2. The student conduct official may take any of the following actions:
 - a. ~~Determine the respondent is not responsible for violating the code and end the conduct proceedings.~~
 - b. ~~Determine the available information is inconclusive at this time. The student conduct official may revisit the determination if additional relevant information becomes available.~~
 - c. ~~Determine the respondent is responsible for violating the Code and issue required resolution(s) and sanction(s) as described in WAC 174-123-1640.~~
- ~~2.3. The determination of responsibility will identify the specific conduct that has violated the eCode. -The required resolution and sanction(s) will provide for those state the tasks or consequences actions, and associated deadlines, the respondent must execute to address violations of the eCode.~~

3.4. _____ The student conduct ~~administrator's official's~~ determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s) will be final unless the respondent files a timely appeal to ~~the vice president or~~ student ~~affairs~~~~conduct appeals board~~. If a complaint alleges sexual misconduct, ~~sexual harassment~~, or physical abuse, the complainant is to be informed of the final determination and any ~~required resolution and~~ sanction imposed against the respondent and may file a timely appeal to the ~~vice president or~~ student ~~affairs~~~~conduct appeals board~~.

RESOLUTION AND SANCTIONS (WAC 174-123-~~160~~140)

The following resolution and sanctions may be agreed to by, or required of, a respondent found to have violated the ~~e~~Code. More than one resolution and sanction may be imposed for any single violation. Resolution and sanctions are based on the unique aspects of each situation and ~~should be appropriate to the violation~~, taking into consideration the context and seriousness of the violation. ~~In determining the resolution and sanctions, the student conduct official, the student conduct officer, or any appeal officer or board panel, will consider~~ History, patterns, and frequency of misconduct; severity and level of impact on the community; and a student's motivation and response ~~all to determine the resolutions and sanctions~~the allegations for each individual respondent.

1. **Written Wwarning:** -This is a written notice that the student ~~is violating, or~~ has violated ~~one or more terms of this the~~ code ~~and that continuation of the same or similar behavior may result in further sanctions~~.
2. **Educational and discretionary actions:** -The College may require the student to complete an educational activity or experience directly related to the violation committed, at the student's expense. This includes, but is not limited to, work assignments, essays, ~~behavior assessment and recommended treatment~~, completion of a workshop or training, restorative ~~justice conference or process~~practice, or service to the college community.
- 2.3. **Emergency contact or parental notification.** In cases of suspension, expulsion, or significant health and safety concerns, the parent or emergency contact may be contacted to inform them of the suspension, expulsion, or health and safety concern.
- 3.4. **Probation:** -A ~~written reprimand and notice that for a designated period of time~~ student will be on special status with conditions imposed ~~for a defined period of time and that~~includes the probability of ~~additional more severe~~ required resolution and sanctions if the student is found to violate the code during the probationary period ~~of time~~.
5. **Loss of privileges:** -This may include, but is not limited to ~~the following, limited access or~~ restriction~~s~~: ~~from college premises, college sponsored activities or events, use of equipment, student employment, or participation in co-curricular activities.~~
 - a. Attend college-sponsored activities or events.
 - b. Hold an office or leadership position in any student organization recognized by the College or to hold any elected or appointed office of the College.
 - c. Limited access or restriction from College premises.
 - d. Participate in co-curricular activities.
 - e. Participate in study abroad programs or field work.
 - f. Represent the College to anyone outside the College community in any way, including representing the College at any official function, or any forms of intercollegiate competition or representation.
 - g. Student employment.
 - h. ~~Trespass~~Barred from College housing.
 - e.i. Use of College equipment.
- 4.6. **Restitution:** -~~Compensation~~Reimbursement for loss ~~or~~ damage, ~~to property or for~~

~~injury to persons. or expenses for injury incurred by the college or persons resulting from a violation of the code.~~ This may take the form of appropriate service, monetary or material replacement, or a combination of both.

- ~~5.7.~~ **No contact order:** ~~An order directing that~~ a student ~~to may~~ have no contact with ~~a specified other stated~~ members of the ~~e~~College community, ~~visitor, or particular College facility.~~ ~~In the case where a "no contact order" is issued, a student may be required to organize their activities in order to avoid contact with designated individuals.~~ The order may include but is not limited to directives with regard to ~~path of travel, parking, arrival on campus, or specified times for use of campus resources.~~
- ~~6.8.~~ **Residence hall/College housing suspension:** Separation of the student from the residence halls for a ~~definite~~ ~~edit~~ period of time ~~that includes being barred a trespass from College housing,~~ after which the student is eligible to return. Conditions allowing for a student to return to ~~the residence hall/College housing~~ may be specified in the suspension.
- ~~9.~~ **Residence hall/College housing expulsion/eviction:** Permanent separation of the student from ~~the residence halls/College housing that includes a trespass/being barred from College housing.~~
- ~~7.10.~~ **Deferred action.** ~~Deferred action is most commonly applied to college suspension or expulsion, and College housing suspension or eviction. Deferred action may be applied to other sanctions with conditions stated that outline when the sanction will no longer be in a deferred status. Deferred action is a special status issued for a defined period of time in which the student must complete required resolutions and sanctions that are not included in the deferred status. If the student does not complete the required resolutions and sanctions or is found in violation of the Code during the time period, the deferred action will take effect immediately without further review. This deferred action will be in addition to any required resolutions or sanctions arising from the new violation.~~
- ~~8.11.~~ **College s/Suspension:** Separation of the student from the ~~college/College~~ for a ~~definite-specified~~ period of time, after which the student is eligible to return, provided that the student has complied with all conditions imposed as part of the suspension and the student is otherwise qualified for ~~reenrollment/enrollment.~~ ~~Conditions for reenrollment may be specified in the suspension.~~
- ~~9.12.~~ **College e/Expulsion:** Permanent separation of the student from the ~~e~~College ~~while enrolled~~ with a notation on the student's transcript. ~~This includes revocation of all rights and privileges of membership in the college community and exclusion from the campus and college-owned or controlled facilities without any possibility of return. There will be no refund of tuition or fees for the quarter in which the sanction takes effect.~~
- ~~10.13.~~ **Withholding admission or degree:** ~~The withholding of admission to, or the withholding of a degree awarded from, the eCollege for a specified amount of time. Withholding of a degree will be noted on the student's academic record.~~
- ~~11.14.~~ **Revocation of admission:** The revocation of admission to the College. The denial of admission to the College may occur after admission and prior to initial enrollment.
- ~~12.15.~~ **Revocation of or degree:** ~~The revocation of the admission to or the revocation of a degree from the eCollege may be a sanction~~ in those cases in which egregious academic dishonesty is discovered subsequent to a student's graduation. Degree revocation must be approved by the ~~B~~oard of ~~T~~rustees and will be noted on the student's academic record. ~~Withholding of a degree will be noted on the student's academic record.~~
- ~~16.~~ **Records or registration hold:** ~~The placement of a records hold on the~~ This is a temporary

~~measure restricting release of a student's transcript, diploma(s) or other academic records; or access to registration prohibiting the release of any transcripts, diploma(s) or other records until a student satisfies-completes the terms and conditions of any required resolutions and sanctions.~~

- 13.17. **Professional evaluation.** ~~Referral for drug, alcohol, psychological, or medical evaluation by an appropriately certified or licensed professional may be required. The student may choose the professional within the scope of practice and with the professional credentials as defined by the College. The student will sign all necessary releases to allow the College access to any such evaluation. The student's return to College may be conditioned upon compliance with recommendations set forth in such a professional evaluation. If the evaluation indicates that the student is not capable of functioning within the College community, the student will remain suspended until future evaluation recommends that the student is capable of reentering the College and complying with the rules of conduct.~~

NEW SECTION

PROCEDURAL REVIEW COMPLAINT (WAC 174-123-150)WAC ###

A procedural review complaint may be used to resolve any student complaint related to a current process in which a determination has not been issued regarding the alleged violations of the Code.

A procedural review complaint is a student's formal complaint concerning the application of policy, a procedural concern, or a condition in which a student believes the current process has been impacted. This complaint may include, but is not limited to, the inappropriate application of a policy, the process, or procedures are not being followed appropriately in the process, or other concerns related to the process.

It is recommended that a student first discusses their concerns with the appropriate student conduct official overseeing the process prior to filing a complaint.

No disciplinary or other unfavorable action may be taken against any student or anyone who may support or advise a student using these procedures. A student wishing to report the actions of another student cannot use this process and ~~are~~ is to be referred to the sSubmitting a eComplaint section of the Code (WAC 174-123-100090).

1. FilingMaking a procedural review complaint:

- a. A student with a procedural review complaint will reports their concern in writing to the vice president ~~effor~~ student affairs-office. While only one complaint may be made in the course of a proceeding, a complaints may address multiple concerns. A designated staff member will be assigned as the procedural review coordinator (coordinator) and their current Code process that is the subject of the procedural review complaint will be put on administrative hold until the resolution of the complaint, except that: ~~the submission~~ filing of a procedural review complaint will not cause any interim measures to be put on hold or halt the implementation of any interim measures.
- b. The coordinator will discuss the concern with the student. If the student has not already discussed the concern with the appropriate student conduct official, the coordinator

~~may refer the student to the student conduct official as the first step in filing of a procedural review complaint.~~

c. ~~If the student elects to not discuss their concern with the student conduct official, or the procedural review complaint is not referred to or resolved by the student conduct official, the student will submit their concern in writing as a written complaint to the coordinator. The written complaint should contain a complete and specific account of the student's complaint, including the policies, practices, procedures, or the condition complained of, anywith written evidence attached, and stating the remedy the student seeks.~~

2. Resolution of procedural review complaint:

a. ~~The coordinator will investigate the student's written complaint by gathering information from the involved people named by the student as well as from others as necessary. The coordinator may ask those named to respond to the student's complaint in writing.~~

b. ~~The coordinator will make recommendations based on information presented in an effort to resolve the procedural review complaint. The student will be notified of the recommendations, typically within five business days of the close of the investigation.~~

c. ~~Any recommendations from the procedural review complaint process by the coordinator will be instituted by the senior student conduct official or designee at the resumption of the process.~~

STUDENT CONDUCT APPEALS

FILING OF APPEAL (WAC 174-123-~~170160~~)

1. ~~A respondent may appeal a student conduct administrator's official's determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s) by filing a written notice of appeal to the vice president for student affairs vice president for student affairs conduct appeals board within ten calendar days of service of the student conduct official's determination. Failure to file a notice of appeal within the time period constitutes the waiver of the right to appeal and the student conduct official's determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s) will be final. A complainant, in cases where a complaint alleges sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, or physical abuse may also appeal a student conduct administrator's determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s) to the student conduct appeals board. An appeal must be in writing and received by the vice president for student affairs within twenty calendar days of written notice of the student conduct administrator's determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s).~~

~~1.2.~~ ~~The student filing the notice of appeal must include a brief statement explaining why they are seeking review of the determination of responsibility and/or required resolution and sanction(s).~~

3. ~~Except in cases of an emergency interim suspension, the required resolutions and sanction(s) will be suspended on hold pending the outcome of an appeal. Interim measures will remain in place pending the outcome of the appeal respondent's enrollment status, and rights as an enrolled student, will not be altered if a timely appeal is filed with the student conduct appeals board under subsection (1) of this section.~~

4. ~~The parties to an appeal will be the appellant and the student conduct official.~~

~~2.5.~~ ~~On appeal, the College bears the burden of establishing the evidentiary facts underlying the determination of responsibility and required resolution by a preponderance of the evidence.~~

- 3-6. _____ The student appealing has a right to a prompt and fair hearing as provided for in these procedures.
7. Student conduct appeals to determinations in which the required resolution and sanction(s) include the following will be reviewed through a brief adjudicative proceeding:
- a. Suspensions of ten days or less;
 - b. College housing suspension or eviction;
 - c. Deferred action;
 - d. Probation; and
 - e. Any conditions or terms imposed in conjunction with one of the foregoing resolution and sanctions.
8. Student conduct appeals to determinations in which the required resolution and sanction(s) include the following will be reviewed by the student conduct appeals board/panel:
- a. The imposition of college suspensions in excess of ten days;
 - b. College expulsions; and
 - c. Complaints referred to the board/panel by the student conduct official or the conduct review officer.
9. Except as provided elsewhere in this Code, warnings and findings of no responsibility are final and are not subject to appeal.
10. In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the complainant has the right to appeal the following ~~actions by the student conduct official~~outcomes following the same procedures as set forth above for the respondent:
- a. the determination of responsibility; or
 - b. any required resolutions and sanction(s) imposed including a disciplinary warning
11. If the respondent appeals a decision imposing discipline for a sexual misconduct violation, the College ~~shall~~will notify the complainant of the appeal and provide the complainant an opportunity to participate in the appeal.
- 4.12. _____ Except as otherwise specified in the Code, a complainant who appeals a determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s) within ten calendar days of notice of the determination, or who participates as a party to a respondent's appeal of a determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s) will be afforded the same procedural rights as are afforded the respondent.

NEW SECTION

-BRIEF ADJUDICATIVE PROCEEDINGS – INITIAL HEARING

(WAC 174-123-170)

Brief adjudicative proceedings – Initial hearing WAC ~~xxx-xxx-xxx~~.

Brief adjudicative proceedings ~~shall~~will be conducted by a ~~student conduct official~~review officer. Conduct review officers shall be designated by The vice president for student affairs. ~~The student conduct official~~review officer will not participate in any case in which they are or have been involved as a complainant or witness; or in which there is direct or personal interest, prejudice, or bias; or in which previous actions have been taken in an advisory capacity.

1. The parties to a brief adjudicative proceeding are the respondent, the student conduct official, and the complainant in cases involving sexual misconduct. Before taking action, the conduct review officer will conduct an informal hearing and provide each party:

- a. An opportunity to be informed of the college's view of the matter; and
- b. An opportunity to explain the student's view of the matter.

2.—2. The conduct review officer will schedule an informal hearing and serve written notice of

the hearing to the parties at least seven calendar days in advance of the hearing. The notice of informal hearing will include the following:

- a. The date, time, location, and nature of the hearing;
- b. A date by which the parties must identify advisors as well as requests for reasonable accommodations, if any;
- c. A date on which the respondent may review documents held by the student conduct official; and
- d. A date by which the parties must provide a list of witnesses and copies of any documents to other parties and to the conduct review.

3. The student conduct official review officer will serve an initial decision upon both the respondent and the student conduct official parties within ten business calendar days of the completion of the informal hearing. The initial decision will contain a brief written statement of the reasons for the decision and information about how to seek administrative review of the initial decision. If no request for review is filed within ten business days of service of the initial decision, the initial decision will be deemed the final decision.

34. In cases involving allegations in which the conduct review officer finds the respondent has committed an act of violated the sexual misconduct prohibition, the student conduct official, on the same date as the initial decision is served on the respondent, will serve a written notice upon the complainant informing the complainant of the initial decision and describing any required resolutions and sanctions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection. The notice will also inform the complainant of how to seek administrative review of the initial decision.

45. If the student conduct official, upon review, determines that the respondent's conduct may warrant imposition of a College or College housing suspension of more than ten days or College or College housing expulsion, the matter shall will be referred to the student conduct appeals board panel for a hearing.

NEW SECTION

BRIEF ADJUDICATIVE PROCEEDINGS – APPEAL OF AN INITIAL DECISION ~~Brief adjudicative proceedings – Review of an initial decision~~ (WAC 174-123-180) ~~WAC xxx-xxx-xxx.~~

1. An initial decision is subject to review by may be appealed to the vice president or for student affairs or designee, provided a party files a written request including the grounds for appeal for review with the student conduct official conduct review officer within ten calendar days of service of the initial decision. The grounds for appeal are limited to new information not available at the time of the initial process, procedural error that impacted the outcome of the process, and/or bias of the student conduct official.

2. The vice president of student affairs vice president for student affairs or designee will not participate in any case in which they are or have been involved as a complainant or witness; or in which there is direct or personal interest, prejudice, or bias; or in which previous actions have been taken in an advisory capacity.

3. During the review appeal, the vice president of student affairs vice president for student affairs or designee will give each party an opportunity to file written responses explaining their view of the matter and will make any inquiries necessary to ascertain whether the sanctions should be modified or whether the proceedings should be referred to the student conduct appeals board panel for a hearing.

4. The decision on review appeal must be in writing and must include a brief statement of the reason for the decision and must be served on the parties within twenty calendar days of the initial decision or of the request for review appeal, whichever is later. The decision on review will contain a notice that judicial review may be available. A request for review may be deemed to have been denied if the vice president of student affairs vice president for student affairs or designee does not make a disposition of the matter within twenty

calendar days after the request is submitted.

5. ~~If the vice president of student affairs~~ vice president for student affairs or designee, upon review, determines that the respondent's conduct may warrant imposition of a disciplinary suspension of more than ten days or dismissal, the matter ~~shall~~ will be referred to the student conduct ~~appeals board~~ panel for a hearing.

6. ~~In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the vice president of student affairs~~ vice president for student affairs or designee, on the same date as the final decision is served on the respondent, will serve a written notice upon the complainant informing the complainant whether the allegations of sexual misconduct were found to have merit and describing any resolution and sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection, including suspension or expulsion of the respondent. The notice will also inform the complainant of their right to seek judicial review.

1. ~~After receipt of a timely request for a hearing, the vice president for student affairs, or designee, will schedule a hearing before the student conduct appeals board and provide served notice to the respondent at least seven business days in advance of the hearing. The seven days advance notice may be waived by the vice president for student affairs, or designee, with the student's permission.~~
2. ~~The served notice provided to the respondent will include the following:~~
 - a. ~~The date, time, location, and nature of the proceeding;~~
 - b. ~~A date by which the respondent and student conduct administrator must identify advisors and/or individuals who will be involved in sharing information on their behalf, as well as requests for reasonable accommodations, if any, for these individuals;~~
 - c. ~~A date by which the student conduct administrator and respondent must provide copies of any documents to be provided to the board at the hearing. The date for providing documents must be at least two business days prior to the hearing date.~~

PROCEDURE AT HEARING PROCEDURES (WAC 174-123-190)

The procedures to be followed at hearings conducted by the student conduct appeals board are as follows:

1. Proceedings of the student conduct appeals ~~board~~ panel shall ~~will~~ be governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
2. ~~The vice president for student affairs~~ vice president for student affairs, or designee, will schedule a hearing before the student conduct appeals ~~board~~ panel and serve written notice of the hearing to the parties at least ten calendar days in advance of the hearing. The notice period may be shortened by the ~~vice president for student affairs~~ vice president for student affairs, or designee, with the parties' permission and may reschedule a hearing to a later time for good cause.
3. The notice of hearing will include the following:
 - a. The date, time, location, and nature of the hearing.
 - b. A date by which the parties must identify advisors as well as requests for reasonable accommodations, if any.
 - c. A date by which the parties must provide a list of witnesses and copies of any documents to be provided to the appeals ~~board~~ panel at the hearing. The date for providing documents must be at least five business days prior to the hearing date. Documents and witness names submitted after the deadline stated in the hearing notice will be admitted at the discretion of the appeals ~~board~~ panel. Documents and witness names submitted after the deadline may be excluded from the hearing absent a showing of good cause.
 - d. A date on which the parties to the appeal may review documents and witness

lists submitted to the boardpanel, which must be no less than three business days prior to the hearing.

4. The boardpanel chair is authorized to make determinations regarding requests for a continuance, release of information, or other procedural requests, provided that good cause for the request is shown. -Requests for reasonable accommodations based on disability will be determined by the college's disability compliance officer.
5. The boardpanel chair may provide to the boardpanel members in advance of the hearing copies of:
 - a. the student conduct official's determination of responsibility and required resolution and sanction(s); ~~and~~
 - b. the decision of the conduct review officer, if any;
 - c. the review on appeal of The vice president for student affairs, if any; and
 - d. the notice of appeal by the respondent or complainant.

If doing so, however, the chair should remind the members that these documents are not evidence of any facts they may allege

6. The parties may agree before the hearing to designate specific exhibits as admissible without objection and, if they do so, whether the boardpanel chair may provide copies of these admissible exhibits to the boardpanel members before the hearing.
7. Only those materials and information presented at the hearing will be considered. -The chair may exclude or limit ineffectual, irrelevant, or unduly repetitious information.
8. The student conduct official or designee, upon request, will provide reasonable assistance to the respondent in obtaining relevant and admissible evidence that is within the college's control.
9. Communications between boardpanel members and other hearing participants regarding any issue in the proceeding, other than procedural communications that are necessary to maintain an orderly process, are generally prohibited without notice and opportunity for all parties to participate. Any improper communication, as further provided in RCW 34.05.455, is prohibited.
10. Each party may be accompanied at the hearing by an advisor (non-attorney assistant) of the party's choice. A respondent, or complainant in a case involving allegations of sexual misconduct, may elect to be represented by an attorney at the their own cost, and will be deemed to have waived that right unless, at least five business days before the hearing, written notice of the attorney's identity and participation is filed with the boardpanel chair with a copy to the student conduct official. The boardpanel will ordinarily be advised by an assistant attorney general. If the respondent or the complainant is represented by an attorney, the student conduct official may also be represented by a second assistant attorney general.
11. The complainant and the respondent are neither encouraged nor required to be assisted by an advisor of their choosing at their own expense. Both the respondent and the complainant will be provided the option to have a trained procedural advisor provided by the college to assist them prior to and during the hearing in order to understand their rights in the appeal process. Proceedings will not be automatically delayed due to the scheduling conflicts of an advisor.
12. Each party is expected to present all information during the proceedings. The student conduct official may have an assistant attorney general who presents the case for the imposing of disciplinary sanctions.
13. In cases where the complaint alleges sexual misconduct or physical abuse, the complainant may present information during the proceedings.
14. Upon the failure of any party to attend or participate in a hearing, the student conduct appeal boardpanel may either:

a. Proceed with the hearing and issue a determination; or

b. Serve a decision of default in accordance with RCW 34.05.440.

15. The hearing is a closed proceeding which includes only members of the **boardpanel**; the advisor to the **boardpanel**, if any; the student conduct official and their advisor, if any; the complainant and the respondent and their advisor(s), if any; and persons requested to provide information at the hearing. Admission of any other person to the hearing is at the discretion of the **boardpanel** chair.
- ~~1.16. _____ *All procedural questions and other decisions are subject to the final decision of the **boardpanel** chair of the board unless otherwise provided for in these rules. The chair will ensure that the proceeding is held in an orderly manner such that the rights of all parties to a full, fair and impartial proceeding that adheres to the Code is achieved.~~
- ~~2. The hearing is a closed proceeding which includes only members of the board; the advisor to the board, if any; the student conduct administrator and their advisor, if any; the complainant and the respondent and their advisor(s), if any; and persons requested to provide information at the hearing. Admission of any other person to the hearing is at the discretion of the board's chair and subject to the requirement set forth in subsection (8) of this section.~~
- ~~3. The complainant and the respondent are neither encouraged nor required to be assisted by an advisor of their choosing at their own expense. The student conduct administrator and respondent are expected to present all information during the proceedings. Proceedings will not be automatically delayed due to the scheduling conflicts of an advisor. In cases where the complaint alleges sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, or physical abuse, the complainant may present information during the proceedings.~~
- ~~4.17. _____ There will be a single verbatim sound recording of the hearing, and the record will be on file with the ~~vice president for student affairs~~ **vice president for student affairs** and is the property of the College in accordance with RCW 34.05.449. That recording, or a copy, will be made available to any party upon request to the public records officer. Other recording will also be permitted, in accordance with WAC 10-08-190.~~
- ~~5.18. _____ All testimony will be given under oath or affirmation. Evidence will be admitted or excluded at the discretion of the **boardpanel** chair. Only those materials and information presented at the hearing will be considered. The chair may exclude or limit ineffectual, irrelevant, or unduly repetitious information.~~
- ~~6.19. _____ In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, neither party will directly question or cross examine one another. Attorneys for the parties are also prohibited from questioning the other party. All cross examination questions will be directed to the **boardpanel** chair, who in their discretion will pose the questions on the party's behalf. Any person disrupting the proceeding will be duly warned and subsequently may be excluded from the hearing by the chair. Any student engaging in such interference will be in violation of the student conduct code.~~
- ~~7. The chair is authorized to take reasonable measures to maintain control over the proceedings in order to elicit relevant information, to prevent the mistreatment of participants, to insure that proceedings are not disrupted and the interests of fairness are served. This may include regulating the timing, length and manner of presentations, declaring recesses in the proceedings, and taking other appropriate actions.~~
- ~~8. Only members of the student conduct appeals board and the advisor to the board, if any, will be present for deliberations. Deliberations are not recorded. During deliberations the board will consider all the information presented and decide by majority vote whether it is more likely than not that the respondent is responsible for violating each section of the code the respondent is charged with violating and/or what resolution and sanction(s) to impose.~~

STUDENT CONDUCT APPEALS BOARD/PANEL AND BOARD-PANEL COMPOSITION (WAC 174-123-200)

1. The student conduct appeals board-panel will be composed of ~~five~~three members consisting of one faculty member, ~~or,~~ one staff member, and ~~three~~ two students. One member will be designated by the vice-president for student affairs or designee to serve as the chair of the Student Conduct Appeals Board/Panel for a hearing.
2. The faculty agenda committee will designate faculty members to serve on the student conduct appeals board-panel as needed.
3. The vice-president for student affairs or designee will be responsible for designating the student and staff members serving on the Board/Panel. The student members, including the selection of alternate members to serve as necessary, will be done through an open selection process established by the vice-president for student affairs or designee.
4. All Panel/Board members hearing cases involving sexual misconduct will have received training within the previous twelve months on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual misconduct, and stalking and how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of complainants, ensures fair proceedings, and promotes accountability in cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct.
- 3-5. Members of the student conduct appeal board-panel will not participate in any case in which involved as a complainant or witness; or in which there is direct or personal interest, prejudice, or bias; or in which previous actions have been taken in an advisory capacity.
- 4-6. A respondent, complainant, and/or the senior student conduct official or designee administrator may request removal of a member of the board-panel at the commencement of the hearing for reasons of bias, prejudice or conflict of interest. The chair of the board-panel will be responsible for making decisions regarding removal, unless the student is requesting removal of the chair. When there is a request to remove the chair, and the chair does not voluntarily step down, a quorum of the remaining members will decide whether removal is warranted, and which remaining board-panel member will serve as chair. If a member is removed, an appropriate alternate member (i.e., faculty, student or staff) will serve on the board-panel for the excused member.

FINAL STUDENT CONDUCT APPEALS BOARD/PANEL - DETERMINATION (WAC 174-123-210)

~~The board will issue a final determination that:~~

1. ~~Upholds part, or all, of the determination of responsibility; and upholds the required resolution and sanction(s), or modifies or develops an alternate resolution and sanction(s); or~~ At the conclusion of the hearing, the student conduct appeals board-panel will permit the parties to make closing statements in whatever form it wishes to receive them. The board-panel also may permit each party to propose findings, conclusions, and/or a proposed decision for its consideration.
2. ~~Determines that it is more likely than not that the student is not responsible for violating the code, reverse the determination of responsibility issued by the student conduct administrator, and dismiss the case~~ Only members of the Student Conduct Appeals Board/Panel and the advisor to the board-panel, if any, will be present for deliberations. Deliberations are not recorded.
3. ~~Within thirty~~ 15 calendar days following the later of the conclusion of the hearing, or the board-panel's receipt of closing arguments, the board-panel will issue a decision in accordance with RCW 34.05.461 and WAC 10-08-210 or written notice specifying the date by which it will issue a decision. The decision will include findings on all material issues of fact and conclusions on all material issues of law, including which, if any,

~~provisions of the eCode of rights and responsibilities were violated. Any findings based substantially on the credibility of evidence or the demeanor of witnesses shall~~will be so identified.

- ~~4. The boardpanel's decision will also include a determination on appropriate resolution and sanction(s), if any. The boardpanel may affirm, reverse, or modify the required resolution and sanction(s) issued by the student conduct officer and/or issue additional sanction(s) or condition(s) as authorized herein.~~
- ~~5. The committeeboardpanel's decision will also include a statement of the available procedures and time frames for seeking reconsideration.~~
- ~~6. The boardpanel chair will serve copies of the decision on the parties through the Vice President for Student Affairsvice president for student affairs Office. It is the responsibility of the student to forward any notice or communication to their advisor. If a student signs a release of information, the chair of the boardpanel will provide the decision to legal counsel representing a student.~~
- ~~2.7. In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the chair of the student conduct appeals boardpanel, on the same date as the decision is served to the respondent, will serve a written notice to the complainant informing the complainant of the boardpanel's decision and describing any sanction(s) and/or condition(s) issued to the respondent for the complainant's protection, including suspension of the respondent. The complainant may request reconsideration of the boardpanel's decision subject to the same procedures and deadlines applicable to other parties. The notice will also inform the complainant of the available procedures and time frames for seeking reconsideration.~~

~~The final determination will be provided to the respondent by served notice. If a complaint alleges sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, or physical abuse, the complainant will be informed of the final determination and any sanction imposed against the respondent by written notice.~~

RECONSIDERATION (WAC 174-123-220)

- ~~1. Within ten five business days of the served-written notice of the final determination, the complainant or the respondent parties to the appeal may submit a petition for reconsideration with the Vice Ppresident for Sstudent Affairs Ooffice~~conduct appeals board~~. The petition must state the specific grounds upon which relief is requested. The grounds for reconsideration are limited to new information not available at the time of the hearing, procedural error that impacted the outcome of the process, and/or bias of the student conduct official.~~
- ~~2. The petition will be deemed submitted on the day of actual receipt by the Vice President for Student Affairsvice president for student affairs Ooffice~~board~~. Service ~~on the board~~ can be made by one of the following means:
 - ~~a. E-mail received by the office of the vice-president for student affairsvice president for student affairs; or~~
 - ~~b. By deposit in the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows: The Evergreen State College, Student Conduct Appeals BoardPanel, Office of the Vice-President for Student Affairsvice president for student affairs, 2700 Evergreen Parkway NW, Olympia, Washington 98505; or~~
 - ~~c. By personal service on the student conduct appeals board which will be deemed accomplished by hand delivering the petition to the office of the vice-president for student affairsvice president for student affairs during regular business hours at the address listed in (b) of this subsection.~~~~
- ~~3. All reasonably available members of the boardpanel that heard the original appeal will review the request for reconsideration and determine whether or not to grant the~~

reconsideration. If a reconsideration is granted the boardpanel will review the submitted materials and make a determination.

3. ~~The final determination issued by the student conduct appeals boardpanel will remain in effect during the time period that a petition for reconsideration is under review by the boardpanel. The board will respond w~~Within twenty business days from the date of the petition is submitted.the Student Conduct Appeals BoardPanel will provide a determination or written notice specifying the date by which it will act on the petition.
- 4.

MAINTENANCE OF STUDENT CONDUCT CODE RECORDS

Retention of records (WAC 174-123-230)

1. A student's conduct record may be retained for seven years after the final disposition of the case unless the college is required to retain the record for a longer period of time under another provision of state or federal law. When the resolution and sanction(s) includes college expulsion or revocation of a degree the record will be retained in perpetuity. Final disposition is defined as when:
 - a. A respondent fulfills the contract agreement of accountability or the required resolution and sanction(s) issued by the student conduct appeals boardpanel;
 - ~~or~~
 - b. ~~A case is closed at the discretion of the student conduct administrator official when the respondent has not completed the required resolution and sanction(s) and has not been enrolled for twelve months.~~
2. Other than college expulsion, degree revocation, or withholding of a degree, resolution and sanctions will not be made part of the student's permanent academic record, but will be part of the student's conduct record.

SIMULTANEOUS CIVIL OR CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

Simultaneous civil or criminal proceedings (WAC 174-123-240)

1. Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities conduct code proceedings may be instituted and carried out without regard to any criminal or civil litigation or external processes with which the student may be involved. Issuance of a determination of responsibility or required resolution and sanction(s) by the student conduct administrator or appeals boardpanel will not be subject to change because criminal charges or civil litigation from the same facts resulting in an allegation of violation of the code were dismissed, reduced, or resolved in favor of or against the respondent.
2. If a respondent charged with misconduct under this code has been charged with a crime for the same act or closely related acts by federal, state, or local authorities, or if it appears that such criminal charge is under consideration, the respondent may petition the vice president for student affairs vice president for student affairs or designee to postpone action on the complaint until there has been a disposition of the criminal charge or of the consideration of filing such charge. The vice president vice president or designee will have the discretion to grant or deny the request.
3. When a respondent is charged by federal, state, or local authorities with a violation of law, the college will not request or agree to special consideration for the individual because of their status as a student. If the alleged criminal offense is also being addressed under the code, the college may advise off-campus authorities of the existence of the code and how such matters are typically handled within the college community.

CODE REVIEW

Code review (WAC 174-123-250)

1. This Code will be reviewed at least every five years, and such review will include students, faculty and staff. The vice president for student affairs, or designee, will conduct the review.

End.